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```
LOGINID:ssspta1202sxq
PASSWORD:
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                     Welcome to STN International
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         Apr 08
                  "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS
      3 Apr 09
                 BEILSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area
NEWS
         Apr 09
                 ZDB will be removed from STN
NEWS 4
NEWS 5 Apr 19
                 US Patent Applications available in IFICDB, IFIPAT, and IFIUDB
NEWS 6 Apr 22
                 Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS
NEWS 7
         Apr 22
                 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
NEWS 8 Apr 22
                 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
NEWS 9
         Jun 03
                 New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS 10 Jun 10
                 MEDLINE Reload
NEWS 11
         Jun 10
                 PCTFULL has been reloaded
NEWS 12
         Jul 02
                 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 13 Jul 22
                 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
                  saved answer sets no longer valid
NEWS 14
         Jul 29
                 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS 15
         Jul 30
                 NETFIRST to be removed from STN
NEWS 16
        Aug 08
                 CANCERLIT reload
NEWS 17
         Aug 08
                 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS 18
         Aug 08
                 NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
 NEWS 19
         Aug 19
                 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)
                 now available on STN
NEWS 20
         Aug 19
                 IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDB have been reloaded
NEWS 21
         Aug 19
                 The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded
NEWS 22
         Aug 26
                 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS 23
         Sep 03
                 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 24
         Sep 16
                 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS 25
         Sep 16
                 Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 26
        Sep 16
                 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS 27
         Oct 01
                 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS 28 Oct 21
                 EVENTLINE has been reloaded
NEWS 29 Oct 24
                 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS 30 Oct 24
                 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
NEWS 31 Oct 25 MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002
NEWS 32 Nov 18
                 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS 33 Nov 25 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
             October 14 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01,
NEWS EXPRESS
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0a(ENG) AND V6.0Ja(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:15:59 ON 01 DEC 2002

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:16:05 ON 01 DEC 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 29 NOV 2002 HIGHEST RN 474744-87-1 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 29 NOV 2002 HIGHEST RN 474744-87-1

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> s 4-bromo-2-methoxyestradiol

11862466 4 938248 BROMO

14553906 2

22 METHOXYESTRADIOL

L1 1 4-BROMO-2-METHOXYESTRADIOL

(4 (W) BROMO (W) 2 (W) METHOXYESTRADIOL)

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 16.38 16.59

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 1 Dec 2002 VOL 137 ISS 23 FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 Nov 2002 (20021129/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

=> d l1 ibib hitstr abs
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'REGISTRY' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

'IBIB' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'REGISTRY'
'HITSTR' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'REGISTRY'
'ABS' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'REGISTRY'

The following are valid formats:

Substance information can be displayed by requesting individual fields or predefined formats. The predefined substance formats are: (RN = CAS Registry Number)

REG - RN

SAM - Index Name, MF, and structure - no RN FIDE - All substance data, except sequence data

IDE - FIDE, but only 50 names
SQIDE - IDE, plus sequence data

SQIDE3 - Same as SQIDE, but 3-letter amino acid codes are used

SQD - Protein sequence data, includes RN

SQD3 - Same as SQD, but 3-letter amino acid codes are used SQN - Protein sequence name information, includes RN

CALC - Table of calculated properties EPROP - Table of experimental properties

PROP - EPROP and CALC

Any CA File format may be combined with any substance format to obtain CA references citing the substance. The substance formats must be cited first. The CA File predefined formats are:

ABS -- Abstract

```
APPS -- Application and Priority Information
BIB -- CA Accession Number, plus Bibliographic Data
CAN -- CA Accession Number
CBIB -- CA Accession Number, plus Bibliographic Data (compressed)
IND -- Index Data
IPC -- International Patent Classification
PATS -- PI, SO
STD -- BIB, IPC, and NCL
IABS --ABS, indented, with text labels
IBIB -- BIB, indented, with text labels
ISTD -- STD format, indented
OBIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data (original)
OIBIB ---- OBIB, indented with text labels
SBIB ----- BIB, no citations
SIBIB ----- IBIB, no citations
The ALL format gives FIDE BIB ABS IND RE, plus sequence data when
it is available.
The MAX format is the same as ALL.
The IALL format is the same as ALL with BIB ABS and IND indented,
with text labels.
For additional information, please consult the following help
messages:
HELP DFIELDS -- To see a complete list of individual display fields.
HELP FORMATS -- To see detailed descriptions of the predefined formats.
ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (IDE):end
=> d ll ibib hitstr abs
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'REGISTRY' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:N
=> s 11
             2 L1
L2
=> d 12 1-2 ibib hitstr abs
    ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                        1989:633338 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        111:233338
TITLE:
                        Preparations of 2,4-disubstituted estradiols
AUTHOR(S):
                        Pert, Derek J.; Ridley, Damon D.
                        Dep. Org. Chem., Univ. Sydney, Sydney, 2006, Australia
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Australian Journal of Chemistry (1989), 42(3), 421-32
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: AJCHAS; ISSN: 0004-9425
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        CASREACT 111:233338
     97515-50-9P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
     97515-50-9 CAPLUS
RN
CN
    Estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-3,17-diol, 4-bromo-2-methoxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

GΙ

Dibromoestradiol I was treated with CuCl2/NaOMe to give [2,3]dioxane II as the major product as well as a minor amt. of the [3,4]dioxane deriv. III. The compds. were used to prep. a no. of 2,4-disubstituted estradiol derivs. Alternative routes to other 2,4-disubstituted estradiols are described.

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:465176 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:65176

TITLE: Catechol formation of fluoro- and bromo-substituted

estradiols by hamster liver microsomes. Evidence for

dehalogenation

AUTHOR(S): Li, Jonathan J.; Purdy, Robert H.; Appelman, Evan H.;

Klicka, John K.; Li, Sara Antonia

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Res. Lab., Veterans Adm. Med. Cent., Minneapolis,

MN, 55417, USA

09601762

SOURCE: Molecular Pharmacology (1985), 27(5), 559-65

CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

IT 97515-50-9

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(formation of, from halogenated estrogens by liver microsome)

RN 97515-50-9 CAPLUS

CN Estra-1, 3, 5(10) -triene-3, 17-diol, 4-bromo-2-methoxy-, (17.beta.) - (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Liver microsomes from castrated hamsters were incubated with 2-fluoro-, AR 4-fluoro-, or 2,4-difluoroestradiols and analogous bromo-substituted estradiols to det. the extent of 2- and 4-hydroxylation with these substrates. Estrogen 2-hydroxylase [9055-96-3] and estrogen 4-hydroxylase [80237-93-0] activity was detd. by radioenzymic assay, and the 3H-labeled monomethyl ether products were identified by HPLC. With unsubstituted 17.beta.-estradiol [50-28-2] as substrate, 97% of the product formed was 2-hydroxylated, and 3% was 4-hydroxylated. The monosubstituted fluoroestradiols exhibited >2-fold enhanced ability to form catechol estrogens compared with their corresponding bromoestradiols. Data presented indicated substantial defluorination when 2-fluoroestradiol [16205-32-6] was the substrate, which amounted to 36% of the total product formed, and 32% of the rate of 2-hydroxylation found with unsubstituted 17.beta.-estradiol as substrate. Interestingly, the rate of 4-hydroxylation was elevated 20- and 6.7-fold, resp., when 2-fluoroestradiol and 2,4-difluoroestradiol [97515-43-0] were the substrates compared to the rate with 17.beta.-estradiol. Moreover, both 4-fluoroestradiol [1881-37-4] and 2,4-difluoroestradiol exhibited at least a 1.6-fold greater rate of 2-hydroxylation compared with 17.beta.-estradiol. In contrast, the rate of dehalogenation with 2-bromoestradiol [15833-07-5] was only 12% of that found with 2-fluoroestradiol. No debromination was obtained with 4-bromoestradiol [1630-83-7] and essentially no catechols were formed using 2,4-dibromoestradiol [19590-55-7] as substrate with these hamster liver microsomes. These data provide evidence for defluorination of these substituted estrogens, particularly at the C-2 position, and seriously hamper the use of fluoroestrogens in studies of hormonal carcinogenicity.